# Galigeo for Cognos Analytics Installation Guide - G24.0 eXperience

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## Introduction

In this chapter:

Public concerned by this guide Document goal Reading conventions

## About this document

#### **PUBLIC CONCERNED BY THIS GUIDE**

This document is aimed at technical persons in charge of the preparation and execution of the Galigeo platform installation as well as persons doing the exploitation.

#### DOCUMENT GOAL

This document presents the technical architecture of the Galigeo Solution. It describes the technical pre-requisites and the installation steps.

Galigeo application is a web service used as a Cognos Analytics Custom Control, a new feature of the IBM Cognos Analytics platform.

#### **READING CONVENTIONS**



## **Chapter 1: Pre-requisites**

In this chapter:

Architecture Schema Cognos Server Galigeo Server Network Client Machine

## **1.1 Architecture Schema**

#### **GENERAL ARCHITECTURE**

Galigeo is designed as an n-tiers, client-server, architecture deployed on Intranet/Internet:

- The top most layer is the "**presentation tier**" or the user interface. The Galigeo user interface is a thin Internet remote client.
- The "application tier" or the business logic tier consists of the Cognos Analytics BI server, Galigeo server (and optionally ArcGIS Server). This tier controls the data exchange and connections between the presentation tier and the data tier (described below). Note that the Cognos server also controls the authentication/access.
- $\circ~$  The last layer is the "data tier" with database servers where information is stored in

and retrieved from DBMS.

The complete architecture includes the tools for managing and administering this system: The Galigeo Administration console, Cognos Administration and Designer.

#### ARCHITECTURE SCHEMA FOR THE HTML CLIENT



Optional - Used by by the user if the basemaps are stored on a local Arcgis Server
 Optional - Galigeo Maps needs to access arcgis.com for isochrones calculations

## **1.2 Cognos Server**

The Cognos server delivers the data for the Cognos reports that will be visualized and analyzed in the Galigeo maps. The maps are embedded into the Cognos reports.

Galigeo does not require to install any additional component on the Cognos server.

Item	Pre-requisite	Notices	Check test
IBM Cognos Analytics: 11.2.0, 11.2.1, 11.2.3, 11.2.4, 12.0.2, 12.0.3, 12.0.4	<ul> <li>New Cognos Analytics HTML5 Portal:</li> <li>Cognos Viewer, Report Studio, Cognos Administration</li> </ul>	The old cognos HTML4 portal is not supported as the new Cognos analytics Custom Control Tool is not supported	1st test - Cognos Portal present - launch Cognos Portal URL:Ex : C11: http://cog-srv:9300/biThe Cognos login screen should appear.2nd test - Access to Cognos Viewer - connect to Cognos Portal, open and refresh a Cognos report.3rd test - Access to Report Studio - Cognos Portal > Launch Menu > Report Studio.4th test - Access to Cognos Administration - Cognos Portal > Launch Menu > Cognos Administration.
Cognos User Account	A Cognos user account with the ad hoc permissions is necessary to run the tests. This account is used as Galigeo advanced user.	Permissions on reports: Read Write Execute For report + maps PDF View: Access to capability "Specification Execution"	<u>See the second test above:</u> Open and refresh a Cognos report.

## **1.3 ArcGIS - Optional**

Galigeo application that embeds its own geographical data is fully independent and does not need any GIS server.

However, the Galigeo application is able to use data from ArcGIS Server.

#### **ArcGIS Server**

The ArcGIS server can be used as a map service and feature service for the Cognos / Galigeo reports.

Galigeo does not require to install any additional component on the ArcGIS server.

Item	Prerequisite	Notices	Check tests
ESRI Products ArcGIS Server	ArcGIS Server 10.1x, 10.2x, 10.3x, 10.4x, 10.5x, 10.6x, 10.7x, 10.8x, 10.9x With the following tools: • ArcMap/ArcGIS for Desktop: for creating map projects • ArcGIS Manager	The ArcSDE version is independent with Galigeo.	<ul> <li><u>1<sup>st</sup> test</u> - Check ArcGIS Manager - launch its url:</li> <li><b>Example:</b></li> <li>http://esri-srv:6080/arcgis/manager</li> <li>The login screen should display.</li> <li>Connect with an arcgismanager account and access the map services page</li> </ul>
	to publish and manage map services		
Map Service	ArcGIS Server Map service published from a MXD or a MSD with in particular the options "Export Map" and "Query" (to set during the publishing)	The use of MSD format is recommended. Following secured MapServices are supported:	1st test - Open the REST url:         Example:         http://esri-srv:6080/arcgis/rest/services         The list of available mapservices should be displayed.         2nd test - Mapservice access via REST - click on a mapservice:         Ex of mapservice REST LIPL:
	The ArcGIS MapServices used by Galigeo must be available via REST from the Galigeo Server machine	<ul> <li>ArcGIS</li> <li>Server:</li> <li>GenerateToke</li> <li>n</li> <li>Portal &amp;</li> <li>ArcGIS</li> <li>Online: App</li> <li>Login</li> </ul>	http://esri-gis:6080/arcgis/rest/services/ ggoMapService/MapServer The mapservice properties and layers displays.

GIS	Not important for Galigeo	All ArcGIS	
Database	Galigeo neither accesses directly to the GIS database	supported formats	NA



The connection to ArcGIS Server is done both through Galigeo Server and the client. This means that the application server, e.g. Tomcat, and the client (web browser) must see ArcGIS Server.

#### ArcGIS Online

Galigeo offers the possibility to connect automatically to ArcGIS Online (AGOL) to use the Drive Time service, for example. The credentials are activated as soon as the appropriate license key is declared in Galigeo Administration console.



The connection to ArcGIS Online is done through Galigeo Server, the one that hosts Galigeo cartographic viewer. This means that the application server, e.g. Tomcat, must see arcgis.com without any proxy authentication.

## **1.4 WFS - Optional**

The Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) **Web Feature Service** (WFS) Interface Standard provides an interface allowing requests for geographical features across the web using platform-independent calls

The OGC membership defined and maintains the WFS specification. Numerous commercial and open-source implementations of the WFS interface standard exist, including the open-source reference implementations GeoServer and deegree.

The WFS support comes has an extension to the product. Only versions 1.0.0 and 2.0.0 are supported. The supported output formats are GML3 or GeoJson.

Adding a WFS layer is done through the Galigeo Administration > Catalog tab > Add a layer then select an url. The specified url must a WFS request of type GetFeature. The returned entities must use the reference system EPSG:4326. For example:

https://data.gov.au/geoserver/ballarat-heritage-area-gutter-rails/wfs? request=GetFeature&typeName=ballarat-heritage-area-gutterrails:ckan\_04fdff50\_c07d\_4611\_8871\_2b4a5787de28&outputFormat=application/ json&version=1.0.0

Some WFS servers become unstable when they return a large number of result. The maximum number of records can be limited by adding the url the parameter "maxFeatures" for versions 1.0.0 or "count" for versions 2.0.0.

#### **1.5 Galigeo Server**

The Galigeo server hosts the Galigeo web module.

#### Softwares pre-requisites:

Item	Prerequisite	Notices	Check tests	
	Windows Server 2016, 2019, 2022 all editions			
OS	RedHat Enterprise Linux 7, 8, 9	NA	NA	
	SUSE Linux Enterprise 12, 15			
Java Environme	Java 1.8.0_xx	NA	<u>1<sup>st</sup> test (basic):</u> type in a shell command prompt : <b>java –</b>	

nt	(JRE or JDK)		<pre>version Example of expected result: java version "1.8.0_72" 2<sup>nd</sup>_test: in the application server configuration console, check what Java version is used. Ex Tomcat - Check the parameter</pre>
			<ul> <li>« Java Virtual Machine » in the tab</li> <li>« Java » of the configuration console:</li> <li>C:\1.8.0_72\jre\bin\server\jvm.dll</li> </ul>
Applicatio n Server	Tomcat 8.0.x (Java 1.8) Tomcat 8.5.x (Java 1.8) Tomcat 9.0.x (Java 1.8)	NA	Go to the application server URL. The version number usually displays: Ex Tomcat: http://ggo- srv:8080

We recommend to use a 64 bits Tomcat application server and Java machine.

## Minimum and recommended resources sizing for Galigeo Tomcat application server (64 bits):

Component	Minimum	Recommended for 5 concurrent users (concurrent sessions)
Processor #core	Type Intel Xeon 2 cores	Type Intel Xeon 4 cores multithread
Tomcat Memory	2 Go RAM	4 Go RAM
Disk space (Tomcat + Galigeo)	2 Go	10 Go SAS 15k rpm ou SSD

## **1.6 Network**

This table lists the ports used for all the modules involved with Galigeo webapp. The ports must be available from the calling application, which might in some cases require some firewall adjustment.



The default port values might be different in the real situation.

Port	Protocol	Opened on	Used by	Default Value	Firewall rule
Galigeo Tomcat port	HTTP(S)	GGO Server	<ul> <li>Cognos Client</li> <li>(from Cognos</li> <li>Portal to GGO</li> <li>server as a</li> <li>Cognos Custom</li> <li>Control)</li> <li>Galigeo Client</li> <li>(from client to</li> </ul>	8080	NA
HTTP Port used by the ArcGIS REST services - Optional	HTTP(S)	GIS Server	- Galigeo Admin (from GGO server to ArcGIS server) - Galigeo Server to query ArcGIS server mapservice (from Galigeo server to ArcGIS server) - Galigeo client: to query ArcGIS server basemaps if any	6080	Open in the direction Client → GIS The Galigeo Server must have access to the REST services with the same url as the client.
Access to ArcGIS Online - Optional	HTTPS	arcgis.com	to query ArcGIS Online (from Galigeo server to ArcGIS Online)	443	Open in the direction Galigeo Server → AGOL

## 1.7 Client

The web browser on the client machine is used to access Cognos HTML5 Portal and the Cognos Reports / Galigeo maps.

Item	Recommended	Notices	Check tests
os	Windows 10, 11 desktop	NA	NA
HTML5 Client	Microsoft: Edge Chromium 128, 129	Javascript activated	Go to web browser Menu
Web browser	FireFox: 115 ESR, 129, 130 Chrome: 128, 129	Edge Chromium IE 11 mode is not supported	version



## For proper operation of Galigeo Application, it is important that the client browser has access to base maps, either on internet or intranet.



#### Sizing the client machine

• We recommend to use Windows 11 with 4 to 8 Go of RAM

## Chapter 2: Installation of Galigeo web application

In this chapter :

Global overview Where the installation takes place? Deploy the web application Tomcat Configuration Font installation Finalize installation Frontal Web Server Cluster deployment

## 2.1 Global Overview

Below find a description of the Galigeo web application.

Web Application	Description	Notices
Galigeo.war	Galigeo HTML5 cartographic viewer + print module + Administration	Installation and deployment process takes place at the Galigeo server.

## 2.2 Where the installation takes place?

The installation takes place on Galigeo server.



**<GGO\_PACKAGE>** is Galigeo package root directory.



Example of <GGO\_PACKAGE> : \\fileServer\Galigeo4Cognos11\_G24-eXperience

**<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>** is the root directory of Tomcat Server.



**Example** of **<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>** : Windows: **D:\products\tomcat** 

## 2.3 Deploy the web application

- Stop the Galigeo Tomcat Service
- Go to **<GGO\_PACKAGE>** directory
- Copy **Galigeo.war** webapp to

#### <GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/webapps

• Check that **unpackWARs** et **autoDeploy** Tomcat parameters from "**<Host**.." tag are set to **true** in "**<**TOMCAT\_HOME>/conf/**server.xml**" file

- $\circ~$  If not, set them to true (every modification server.xml file needs Tomcat to be restarted)
- o Example: <Host name="localhost" appBase="..." unpackWARs="true"
  autoDeploy="true">
- Restart Galigeo Tomcat Service.
- This automatically deploys Galigeo.war file as Galigeo/ folder at the root of webapps/ folder.

## 2.4 Tomcat Configuration

#### **Memory Configuration**

In order to get some optimal performances in Galigeo, you need to modify Tomcat's default memory parameters.

Once this change is done, you need to restart Tomcat.

We recommend to use a 64 bits Tomcat application server and Java machine.

#### If Tomcat is installed as a service

- Open the Tomcat configuration console,
- Go to the tab "Java",
- $\circ~$  In the area « Java Options » add the two following lines:

-Xrs

#### -XX:MaxPermSize=256M

- Set the parameter "Initial memory pool" at 128
- Set the parameter "Maximum memory pool" according to recommendations given in chapter <u>1.5 Galigeo Server</u>
  - <u>64 bits Tomcat+JVM example</u>: 4096 (there is no limit for a 64 bits JVM)
  - <u>32 bits Tomcat+JVM 32 example</u>: 1024 (32 bits JVM is limited to 1536)

#### If Tomcat starts as a script "startup.bat"

- Edit the file <GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/bin/catalina.bat
- At the beginning of the script, add the line:

```
64 bits Tomcat+JVM example:
```

set JAVA\_OPTS=%JAVA\_OPTS% -Xmx4096m -Xrs -XX:MaxPermSize=256m

32 bits Tomcat+JVM example:

set JAVA\_OPTS=%JAVA\_OPTS% -Xmx1024m -Xrs -XX:MaxPermSize=256m

#### **Special characters**

To display and print correctly special characters, you need to apply the following settings. Once changes are done, you need to restart Tomcat.

#### Add parameter - Dfile.encoding=UTF-8

#### If Tomcat is installed as a service

- Open the Tomcat configuration console,
- Go to the tab "Java",
- In the area « Java Options » add the two following lines:

-Dfile.encoding=UTF-8

#### If Tomcat starts as a script "startup.bat"

- Edit the file **<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/bin/catalina.bat**
- At the beginning of the script, add the line:

set JAVA\_OPTS=%JAVA\_OPTS% -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8

#### Add parameter URIEncoding="UTF-8"

- Edit file <GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/conf/server.xml,
- Go to tag <Connector port="8080".. corresponding to Tomcat port (by default 8080), and modify or add the parameter URIEncoding="UTF-8"

#### Example:

<Connector port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1" connectionTimeout="20000" redirectPort="8443" **URIEncoding="UTF-8"**/>

## **2.5 Font installation**

**Installation of the ESRI fonts** (*deprecated*)

- The ESRI fonts are not used since Galigeo G19.5 and are not provided in the Galigeo package. It is useless to install them on a virgin platform. They will be replaced by the Galigeo proper SVG symbols.
  - The only case when it is necessary to install the ESRI font is the following: the reinstallation of Galigeo on a new server with map transports that are using the ESRI fonts. The following procedure is to be followed afterwards.
  - When updating a previous version to Galigeo G19.5 or greater, the maps, created with the previous version that are using the ESRI fonts will continue to work in G19.5 or greater. The ESRI font have actually been installed by the previous version Galigeo.
- Download ESRI fonts at: <u>https://download.galigeo.com/download/fonts/font\_esri.zip</u>
- Unzip the zip file font\_esri.zip in a folder on the Galigeo server
- On Windows, select all the .ttf file, right click then choose "Install"
- On Unix / Linux the font installation depends on the distribution

#### Installation of Windows fonts on Unix / Linux for print module

Windows fonts, by default "DejaVu Sans", are used by the HTML5 print module and may be missing on the Unix / Linux server. They need to be installed. This action can be easily accomplished via the native package installer for each Unix / Linux distribution.

For example, for a Red Hat distribution, the package to install is: *msttcorefonts-2.5-1.noarch.rpm* 

#### **2.6 Finalize installation**

- The following operation takes place only once. This operation creates a <GALIGEO\_HOME> folder that will be used to store the Galigeo resources. Galigeo Tomcat user needs to have read/write access to <GALIGEO\_HOME> folder.
- In a browser, launch the following URL: http(s)://
   <GGO\_TOMCAT\_SERVER>:<GGO\_TOMCAT\_PORT>/Galigeo/
- Fill the text area with a valid path to <GALIGEO\_HOME> folder at Galigeo Server, outside Tomcat directory. If the folder does not exist, it is created. Example:

#### C:\Program Files\Galigeo

Click on [Continue]

#### **2.7 Frontal Web Server**

If Cognos Analytics portal is accessed from client web browsers trough a frontal web server, it is then necessary that Galigeo web application is also accessed trough this frontal web server.

If not, some Galigeo features - map authoring, map print, georeports - could be blocked for cross-domain security reasons.

In such case, Galigeo frontal URL must be declared in <u>Galigeo Administration</u> console > Technical Settings > "Proxy" Menu > "External URL" parameter.



For example, if Cognos portal client URL is:

http(s)://my.organization.com/bi

Then Galigeo client URL must be:

#### http(s)://my.organization.com/Galigeo

that must be declared in <u>Galigeo Administration</u> console > "Proxy" Menu > "External URL" parameter

#### **2.8 Cluster deployment**

Galigeo can be deployed in a cluster of Tomcat servers that are visible through a unique frontal web server in charge of load balancing and fail-over.



The Territory Management tool, that needs a separate license, does not support cluster deployment.

In a cluster deployment, there is:

- One Galigeo.war webapp per Tomcat Server
- A unique <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory shared between all Galigeo webapps.
  - $\circ~$  This can be done, for example, by mounting the same Network Drive, for example "Z:", on each server
  - The path to <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory must be the same on each server. *Example*: Z:\applications\Galigeo
  - $\circ~$  Each Tomcat user must have RW rights on the shared <GALIGEO\_HOME> and its subfolders and files

#### Installation / configuration steps are detailed below:

**NB**: We describe below the sharing of a unique <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory between all Galigeo webapps by mounting the same Network Drive on each server. This are other ways to do this sharing by using, for example, symbolic links.

- **0 Prerequisites:** on each Tomcat server there is a mount of the same Network **Drive**, referencing the same network server.
  - Example: the network drive "Z:" referencing the same network path, \ \<NAS\_SERVER>\
- **1** A standard installation is done on each Tomcat server see paragraphs 2.2 to 2.5 above with a point of attention when finalizing the installation, see paragraph "2.6 Finalize installation":
  - On each Tomcat server the same <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory is defined

#### using the network Drive.

- Example: On each Tomcat server, the path to <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory is defined to "Z:\applications\Galigeo"
- *Remark*: the "real" network path corresponding to the above path is "\ \<NAS\_SERVER>\applications\Galigeo"
- **2 Declare Galigeo client / frontal URL in Galigeo Administration**: see paragraph "2.7 Frontal Web Server".

## Chapter 3: Update an existing installation

#### The procedure takes place on the Galigeo server.

A Galigeo webapp is already deployed in the Galigeo Tomcat.

**<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>** is the root directory of Tomcat Server.



**Example** of **<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>** : Windows: **D:\products\tomcat** 

- Stop Galigeo Tomcat service
- Go to <GALIGEO\_HOME>/config (ex: D:\products\galigeo\config), and inactivate current config.json file by renaming it config.json.old, for example. The new config.json file is automatically generated on the first display of a map. If the old file has been customized (ex: custom basemaps), the customization has to be transferred to the new file
- Go to **<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/webapps** (ex: D:\products\tomcat\webapps\), **delete** or **move** in a backup directory outside tomcat the following elements:
  - Galigeo folder
  - Galigeo.war file
- Copy the new Galigeo.war webapp to <GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/webapps
- Empty Tomcat cache: go to <GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/work/Catalina/localhost/ and remove Galigeo folder
- Restart Galigeo Tomcat service.

## **Chapter 4: Uninstall Galigeo**

The procedure takes place on Galigeo Sever.

<GALIGEO\_HOME> is the Galigeo installation directory.



**Example** of **<GALIGEO\_HOME>** : Windows: **D:\products\galigeo** Unix / Linux : **/products/galigeo** 

**<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>** is the root directory of Galigeo Tomcat Server.



**Example** of **<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>** : Windows: **D:\products\tomcat** 

- Stop Galigeo Tomcat service
- Backup <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory and all its content
- Delete <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory
- Go to **<GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/webapps** (ex: D:\product\tomcat\webapps\), **delete** the following elements:
  - Galigeo folder
  - Galigeo.war file
- Empty Tomcat cache: remove the directory Galigeo located at <GGO\_TOMCAT\_HOME>/work/Catalina/localhost
- Restart Galigeo Tomcat Service

## Chapter 5: Galigeo Administration

Managing Galigeo application ; users, geographical data catalog, license, etc ; is done in Galigeo web administration console. A full description of these steps is found in "Chapter 2 - Galigeo Administration" of the user guide.

Galigeo Administration URL is the following:

http://<GGO\_TOMCAT\_SERVER>:<GGO\_TOMCAT\_PORT>/Galigeo/



http://ggo-srv:8080/Galigeo/

## **Chapter 6: Insert Maps In Cognos Reports**

The steps to insert Galigeo Maps in Cognos Reports, using Cognos Custom Control Tool, is found in the UserGuide.Galigeo4eXperience\_G2x\_en > Chapter 3: Map Reports.

#### **Chapter 6 : Annexes**

In this chapter:

**Backup of Galigeo Home** 

## 6.1 Backup of Galigeo Home

The procedure takes place on Galigeo server.

<GALIGEO\_HOME> is the Galigeo installation directory.



**Example** of **<GALIGEO\_HOME>** : Windows: **D:\products\galigeo** Unix / Linux : **/products/galigeo** 



Tomcat service is stopped and restarted during backup procedure.

- Stop Galigeo Tomcat service
- Backup <GALIGEO\_HOME> directory and all its content
- Restart Galigeo Tomcat service